# Acid-base disorders

MARIA W. LIED 4MD



# Recording of the seminar can be found on the Studyaid teams-channel:

Files → General → Recordings → Renal and respiratory physiology 2024



## Topics for today;))

- 1. Acid-base balance of the body
- 2. Mechanisms to maintain homeostasis
- 3. Pathogenesis behind the basic disturbances
- 4. Compensatory mechanisms

And lots of arterial blood gasses to interpretate inbetween!



## Arterial blood gas (ABG) values

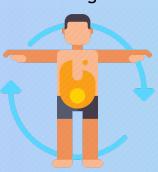
pH 7.35-7.45 pCO<sub>2</sub> 35-45 mmHg HCO<sub>3</sub>- 22-26 mEq/L pO<sub>2</sub> 75-100 mmHg



## Factors that influence body pH

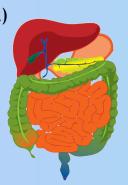


(Processes that generate energy)



INTAKE, DIGESTION AND FECAL LOSS

(GI tract)

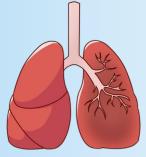


H<sup>+</sup> in body fluids

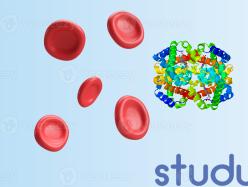














### Mechanism to maintain homeostasis

### **LUNGS**

Rate and depth of breathing → control CO<sub>2</sub> levels Fast adaption

### **KIDNEYS**

Control amount of bicarbonate (HCO3<sup>2-</sup>) Slow adaption



#### LE CHATELIER 'S PRINCIPLE

When a change is made to a chemical equilibrium, the equilibrium will change to counteract the imposed change.

$$CO_2 + H_2O \leftrightarrows H_2CO_3 \leftrightarrows H^+ + HCO_3^-$$



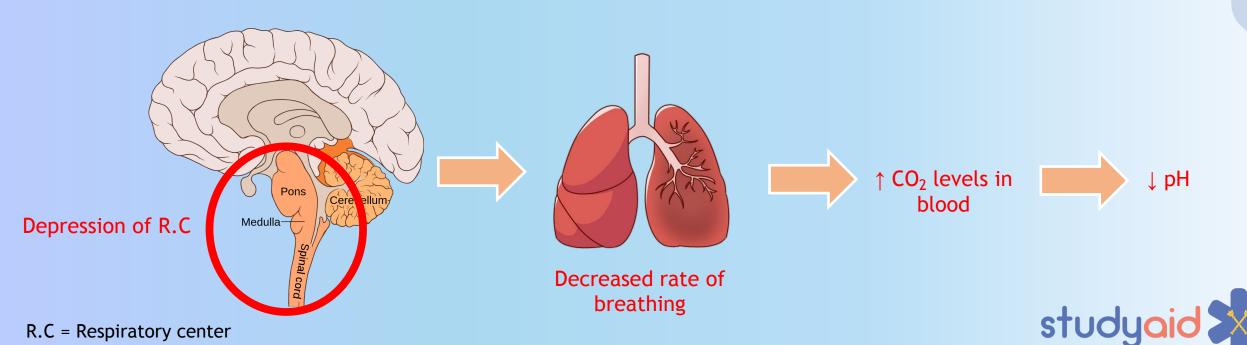
## Respiratory acidosis

#### Depression of R.C:

→ Medications, damage/trauma, hypothermia, hypothyroidism

#### Pathologies directly causing decreased rate of breathing

→ obstructive lung disease, neuromuscular diseases or exhaustion



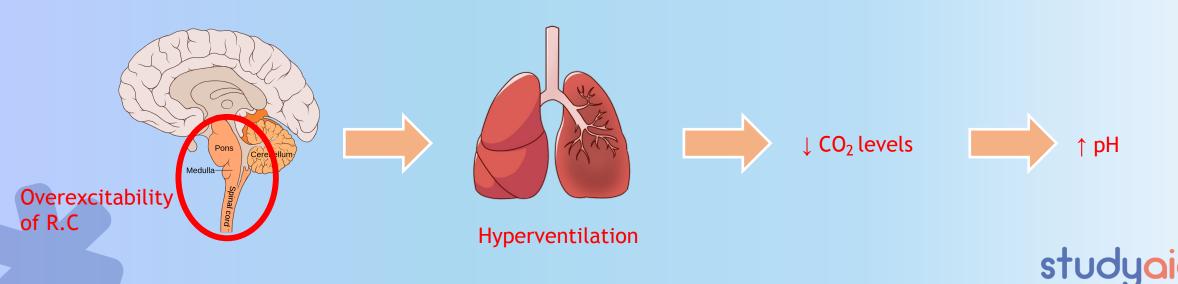
## Respiratory alkalosis

#### Overexcitability of R.C:

→ Certain drugs, bacterias causing sepsis, hepatic encephalopathy (due to liver failure), hyperthyroidism, pregnancy, fever and anxiety.

#### Lung pathologies directly affecting the lungs:

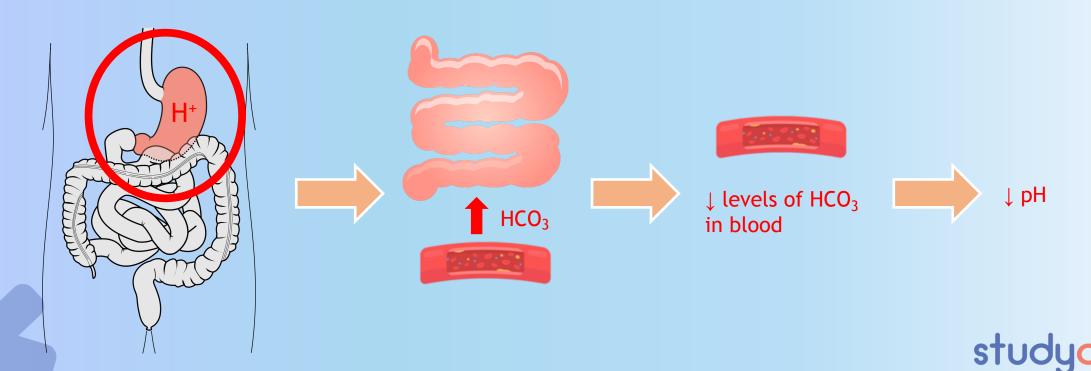
→ Pulmonary edema/effusion, ARDS/pneumonia, pulmonary embolism



### Metabolic acidosis

#### Pathologies causing ↓ HCO<sub>3</sub> in blood

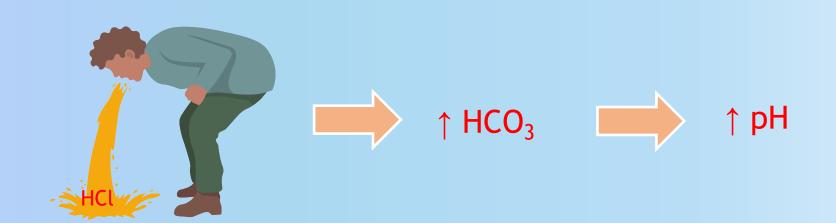
→ Early renal failure, diarrhea, certain diuretic medications, renal tubular acidosis (Addisons disorder), Fluid infusions, TPN (nutrition directly in the vein)



### Metabolic alkalosis

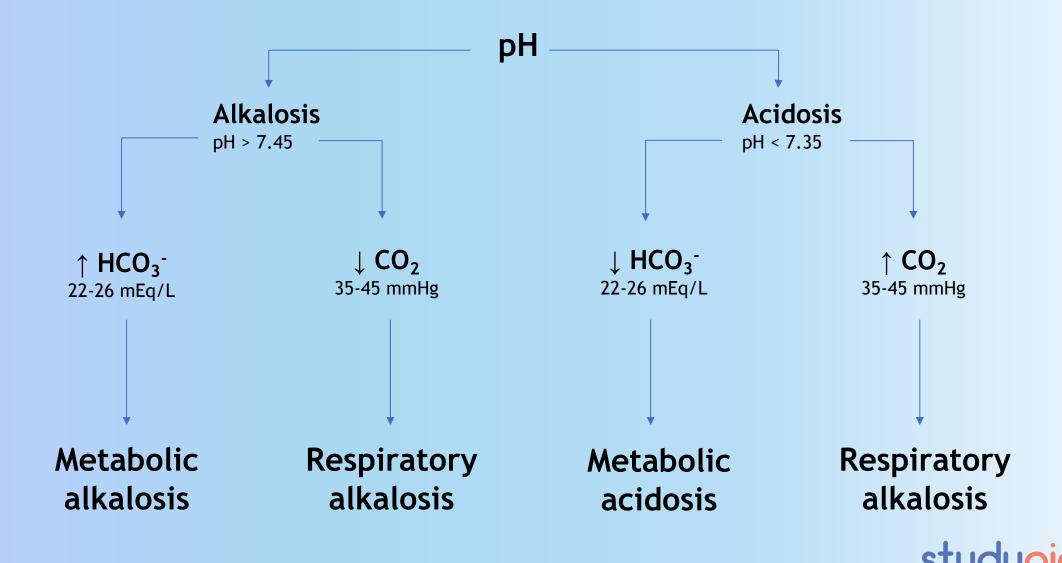
#### Causes

→ Overcorrection of hypercapnia, mineralocorticoid excess (Conn syndrome), vomiting, total volume loss.





## **ABG-interpretation**



pH 7.20

pCO<sub>2</sub> 40 mmHg

HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> 15 mEq/L



pH 7.50

pCO<sub>2</sub> 31 mmHg

 $HCO_3^-$  24 Eq/L



pH 7.49

pCO<sub>2</sub> 44 mmHg

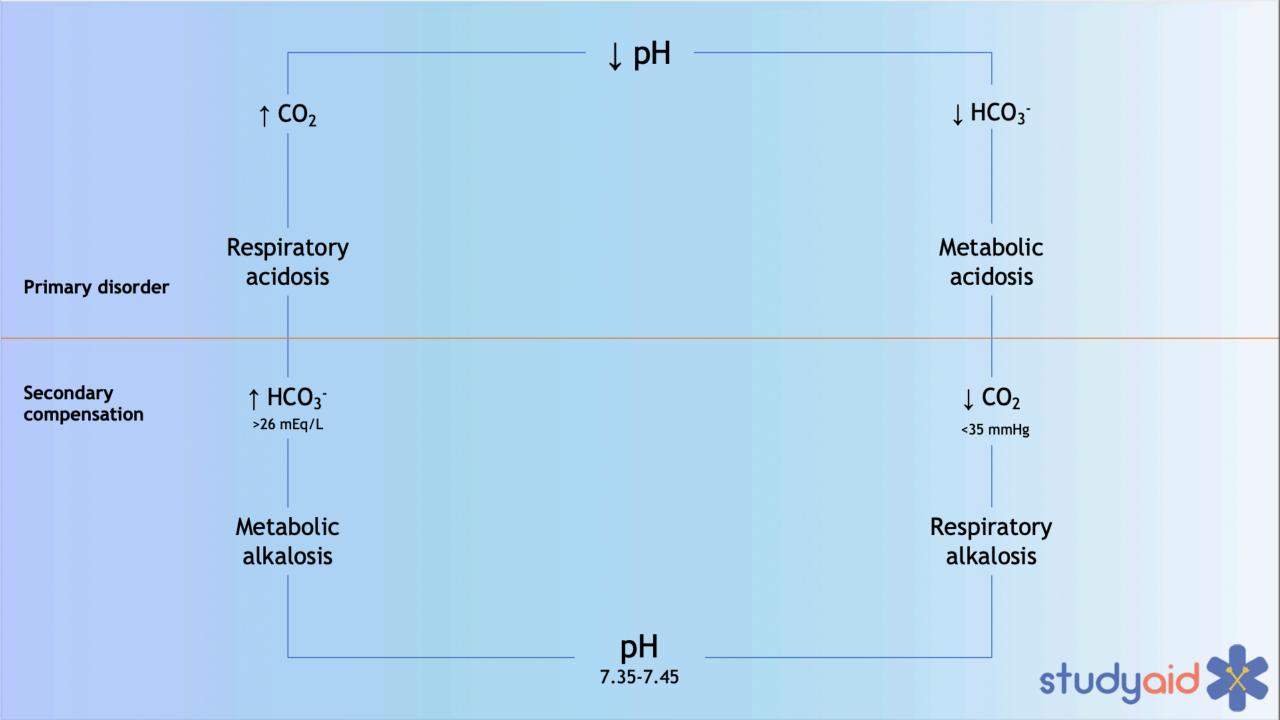
HCO<sub>3</sub> 30 mEq/L

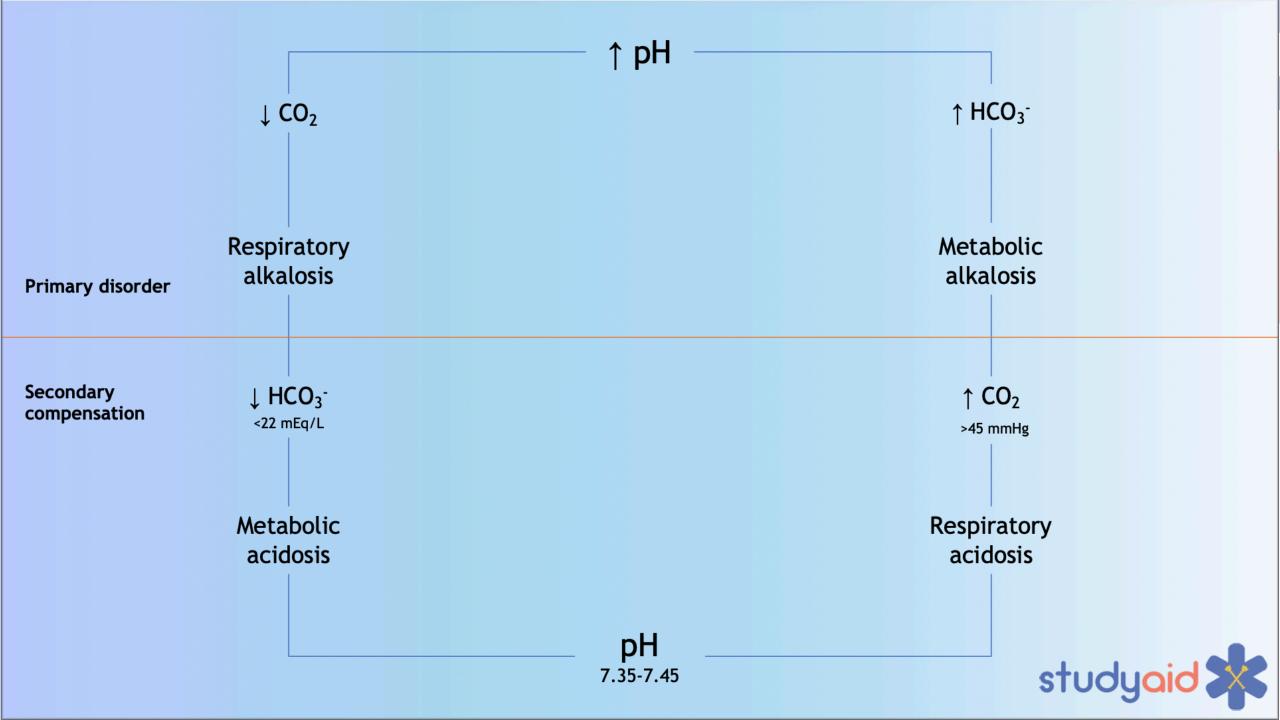


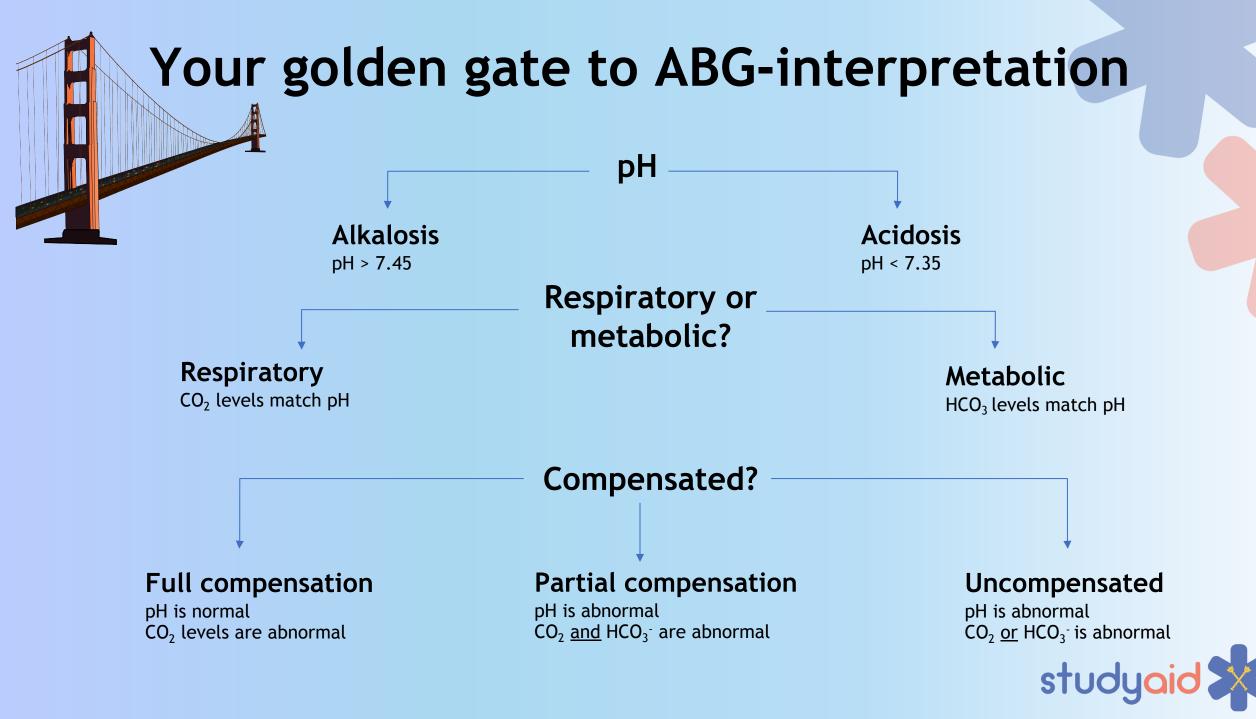
## **ABG** interpretation in 1-2-3

- 1. Identify if the imbalance is a acidosis or alkalosis? (pH)
- 2. Identify if its respiratory or metabolic? (CO<sub>2</sub>/HCO<sub>3</sub>)
- 3. Identify if its compensated (fully/partially?) or uncompensated









pH 7.34

pCO<sub>2</sub> 24 mmHg

HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> 13 mEq/L



pH 7.27

pCO<sub>2</sub> 60 mmHg

HCO<sub>3</sub> 27 mEq/L



pH 7.36

pCO<sub>2</sub> 30 mmHg

HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> 16 mEq/L



pH 7.38

pCO<sub>2</sub> 65 mmHg

HCO<sub>3</sub> 37 mEq/L



pH 7.45

pCO<sub>2</sub> 55 mmHg

HCO<sub>3</sub> 37 mEq/L



	Definition	Compensation	Arterial blood gas
Metabolic acidosis		Hyperventilation	↓ pH
	pH <7.35 caused by ↓ HCO <sub>3</sub> -	↓ CO <sub>2</sub>	↓ HCO <sub>3</sub> -
	concentration in blood	Compensation occurs within	↓ CO <sub>2</sub> (compensation)
		minutes	
Metabolic alkalosis		Hypoventilation	↑ pH
	pH >7.45 caused by ↑ HCO <sub>3</sub> .	↑ CO <sub>2</sub>	↑ HCO <sub>3</sub> -
	concentration in blood	Compensation occurs within	↑ CO <sub>2</sub> (compensation)
		minutes	
Respiratory acidosis		↑ renal reabsorption of HCO <sub>3</sub> -	↓ pH
	pH <7.35 caused by ↑ CO <sub>2</sub>	Compensation occurs within	↑ CO <sub>2</sub>
	concentration in blood	hours to days	↑ HCO <sub>3</sub> - (compensation)
Respiratory alkalosis		↓ renal reabsorption of HCO <sub>3</sub> -	↑ pH
	pH >7.45 caused by ↓ CO <sub>2</sub>	Compensation occurs within	↓ CO <sub>2</sub>
	concentration in blood	hours to days	↓ HCO <sub>3</sub> - (compensation)
			studyaid



# https://abg.ninja/abg

